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APPLICATION NO	HINGDAIL	FIRS, NAMED INVENTOR	ALTORAL Y DOCKET NO	COSTRAINTEDS NO	
08 444,994	05 19 1995	PETER PALESE	6923.054	8839	
7%	Smi 197 200 2				
PENNIE & EDMÖNDS			EXAMINER		
H55 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS NEW YORK, NY 100362711			PARKIN, J	RKIN, JEFFREY S	
			ARTUNII	PAPER NUMBER	
			1648		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No.

Applicant(s)

08/444.994

PALESE ET AL.

Office Action Summary

Examiner

Art Unit

Jeffrey S. Parkin, Ph.D.

1648

The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 03 MONTH(S) FROM
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed

- If the - If NO - Failu - Arry	Diperiod for reply is specified above, the mare to reply within the set or extended periods.	nan thirty (30) days, a r naximum statutory perio od for reply will, by stat ie months after the mai	od will apply and will expl tute, cause the applicatio	minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely ire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication on to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133) inication, even if timely filed, may reduce any			
Status							
1)	Responsive to communicat	ion(s) filed on <u>20</u>	<u> 0 December 2001</u>	<u>1</u> .			
2a)[<u>·</u>	This action is FINAL .	2b)□	This action is non	n-final			
3)[_]				formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is le, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
·	Claim(s) <u>2-8,11,12,14-17 a</u>	nd 57-74 is/are p	pending in the app	plication.			
7—	4a) Of the above claim(s)		_				
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed						
	Claim(s) <u>2-8,11,12,14-17 an</u>		ejected.				
7)	Claim(s) is/are object	ed to.					
	Claim(s) are subject		d/or election requi	irement.			
	ion Papers						
9)[The specification is objected	to by the Exami	ner.				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on	_ is/are: a)□ ac	cepted or b)□ obj∈	ected to by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that	it any objection to	the drawing(s) be h	held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)	The proposed drawing correct	ction filed on	is: a)∏ appro	oved b) disapproved by the Examiner.			
	If approved, corrected drawing	gs are required in	reply to this Office	action.			
12)	The oath or declaration is obj	ected to by the	Examiner.				
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and	120					
13)	Acknowledgment is made of	f a claim for fore	ign priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ N	one of:					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
÷ (3. Copies of the certified application from the See the attached detailed Off	ne International I	Buréau (PCT Rule				
14) 🗌 /	Acknowledgment is made of a	a claim for dome	estic priority under	r 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).			
	a) \square The translation of the fo Acknowledgment is made of	·		ation has been received. r 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.			
Attachmer							
2) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PT		4) [5) [5) 6) [Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Other:			

Serial No.: 08/444,994 Docket No.: 6923-0054

Applicants: Palese, P. and R. O'Neill Filing Date: 05/19/95

Response to Amendment

Status of the Claims

1. Acknowledgement is hereby made of receipt and entry of the communication received 20 December, 2001, wherein claims 1, 9, 10, 13, and 46-56 were canceled without prejudice or disclaimer, claims 2, 4-8, 11, 12, 14, and 15 amended, and new claims 57-74 submitted. Claims 2, 4-3, 11, 12, 14, 15, and 57-74 are currently under examination.

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Claim Objections

2. The previous objection to claims 1, 11, 15, and 48 for failing to reflect the restriction requirement is hereby withdrawn in response to Applicants' amendment.

35 U.S.C. § 112, First Paragraph

- 3. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 J.S.C. § 113:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person stilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 4. The provious rejection of claims 1-8 and 11-17 under 35 U.S.C. \$ 11d, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention, is hereby withdrawn in response to Applicants' amendment.

5. Claims $2-\alpha$, 11, 4x, 14-17, and 57-34 are rejected under 35 7.3.C. § 112, first paragraph, because the specification does not chable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention commensurate in score with these claims. The claims are directed boward methods for identifying compounds that inhibit interactions between the influenca virus nucleoprotein, or fragments thereof, and a host cell protein, or fragments thereof. Claims employing a musicoprotein fusion protein, and fragments thereof, are also presented. The specification describes the utilization of a yeast interactive trap system to identify putative factors that kind to each other. A Hela cDNA empression library was created and transformed into yeast cells communising a reporter construct and bekA-NP fusion protein. If a particular colony expresses a protein that binds to the NP protein, the reporter construct is activated. This system enables the investigator to isolate the FEMA and further characterize the interacting protein. The disclosure describes the Identification of six putative NF interacting proteins designated NFI-1-6. The nucleotide and amino acid seguences of two of these proteins (NFI-1 and -2) were ascertained and it was noted that the proteins are homologous to SEP1 and hnRNP C. The remaining four sequences were not characterized to any significant extent. Appropriately drafted claim language directed toward the full-length NP protein and the six NPI proteins identified would be acceptable (i.e., An assay for identifying a substance ... (a) contacting the incluence wirus nucleoprotein (NP) with an NP interacting protein selected from the group consisting of NP4-1, -2, -3, -4, -1, and -6, ...).

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The legal considerations that govern enablement determinations pertaining to undue experimentation are disclosed in *In re Wands*, 8 U.S.P.J.2d 1400 (C.A.F.C. 1988) and *Ex parte Forman* 250 U.S.P.Q. 546 (PTO Bd. Pat. App. Int., 1986). The courts concluded that

peveral radiual imquiries should be considered when making public assessments including the quantity of experimentation necessary, the amount of direction or quidance presented, the presence or absence of working examples, the nature of the invention, the state of the prior art, the relative skill of those in that art, the predictability or unpredictability of the art and the breadth of the claims. In re Rainer, 52 C.C.P.A. 1593, 347 F.2d 574, 146 U.S.F.Q. 218 (1965). The displosure falls to provide adequate quidance permaining to a number of these considerations as follows: 1) The disclosure facis to provide sufficient guidance portaining to those host cell proteins that are catable of binding specifically to the influenza virus NP. The screening assay relied upon is unpredictable. Accordingly, the skilled artisan can not reasonably predict which host dell proteins will function in the claimed assay. While a small number of Hela cell proteins were identified that bind to the NE, these proteins do not appear to share any common structural features. Moreover, it is not readily manifest that these binding interactions are critical to the viral liferyale. The mere finding that two proteins interact with one another does not mean that the kinding interaction is meaningful in the context of a viral infection. It needs to be demonstrated that the binding interactions are specific and relevant to the viral lifectale.

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The disclosure fails to provide sufficient guidance pertaining to the molecular determinants modulating these specific binding interactions. In the absence of such information, the skilled artism can not reasonably predict which peptide fragments from either the wiral or cellular protein should be employed in the screening assay. While it is noted that a single NPI-1 fragment corresponding to amino abids 262-527 functioned in the recited assay, this finding fails to provide any guidance pertaining to suitable portions of the NP protein that will function in the assay. It is also insufficient to enable the breadth of the claim

language as it applies to other NrI protein fragments. The claims encompass peptides as small as a few amino acids to nearly full-length proteins. Absent a showing of those regions that are critical for binding activity, the skilled artisan is only being extended an undue invitation to further experimentation. Moreover, the NPI peptides identified to date fail to display any genetic relatedness. Thus, even if the applicants had carefully mapped the molecular determinants modulating the interactions of one NPI (which slearly had not been performed), it is not clear that these findings could even be extended to other NPIs due to their genetic barrelatedness.

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3) The art is unpredictable and fails to provide any duidance portaining to those host cell proteins, and fragments thereof, as well as fragments of MP, that will function in the recited assay. The disclosure fails to privide a predictable screening method that will result in the identification of related proteins. The yeast trap system employed only identified six putative NPT proteins. To date, none of these propeins share any menetic relatedness. Thus, when the skilled artisan pruntices the claimed invention, they can not predict which proteins will function is the desired manner. Mireover, even if a butative NPI is identified, it does not mean that the binding interaction is critical for the viral lifecycle. For instance, due to non-specific binding interactions it may appear that two proteins bind to and interact with each other in the In witte a meening assay employed. However, this system lacks all the components required for a productive viral infection in vivo. Thus, the skilled artisan can not ascertain the importance of this binding interaction without further undue experimentation. 4) The displesure fails to provide a sufficient number of working embodiments. The specification only describes the identification of six apparently unrelated ablecules that interact with the influenza virus NP. Two of these molecules were subjected to

further characterization wherein it was noted that they are genetically unrelated. It is not readily manifest if any of these binding interactions are critical *in vivo* for viral replication. The disclosure also fails to provide working embodiments involving a reasonable number of NP or NPI peptidic fragments.

5) Finally, the claims are of excessive breadth and are not fully supported by the disciosure. As noted supra, the claims encompass any host protein and fragments thereof, as well as, fragments of the NP protein. However, the screening assay employed has only identified a small number of putalive NPI proteins. The disclosure fails to provide any guidance pertaining to the ability of any given peptidic fragment to function in the assay and the importance of these binding interactions on viral replication.

Accordingly, when all the aforementioned factors are considered in tota, it would clearly require undue experimentation from the skilled artisan to practice the claimed invention.

Applicants traverse and argue that sufficient guidance is provided in the specification to enable the full breadth of the claimed invention. Applicants contend that the identification of six MPIs is sufficient to enable the full breadth of the claimed invention. It was further argued that sufficient guidance pertaining to suitable fragments was also provided. These arguments are not deemed to be persuasive for the reasons immediately set forth supra.

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Finality of Office Action

e. Applicants' amendment necessitated any and all new grounds of relection. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See M.P.E.P. § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a). A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE TO THIS FINAL ACTION IS SET TO EXPIRE THREE MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS ACTION. IN THE EVENT A FIRST RESPONSE IS

FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION AND THE ADVISORY ACTION IS NOT MAILED UNTIL AFTER THE END OF THE THREE-MONTH SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD, THEN THE SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WILL EXPIRE ON THE DATE THE ADVISORY ACTION IS MAILED, AND ANY EXTENSION FEE PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a) WILL BE CALCULATED FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THE ADVISORY ACTION. IN NO EVENT WILL THE STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE EXPIRE LATER THAN SIX MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION.

Correspondence

7. Correspondence related to this application may be submitted to Group 1600 by facsimile transmission. The taxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 (3.30 (November 15, 1989). Official communications should be directed toward one of the following Group 1600 fax numbers: (703) 306-424: or 1703) 305-3014. Informal communications may be submitted directly to the Examiner through the following fax number: (703) 308-4426. Applicants are encouraged to notify the Examiner prior to the submission of such documents to facilitate their expeditions processing and entry.

F. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Teffrey S. Parkin, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (703) 308-2227. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 5:30 AM to 6:00 PM. A message may be left on the examiner's voice mail service. If attempts to reach the examiner are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisors, Tames Housel or Laurie Scheiner, can be reached at (703) 308-4027 or [703] 308-1122, respectively. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group 1600 receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

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Jeifrey (. Parkin, Ph.D.

Patopť Fxaminer Arzívnit 1646

31 October, 2002

JAMES HOUSE: 4/4/C SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1606